

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2022

**BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

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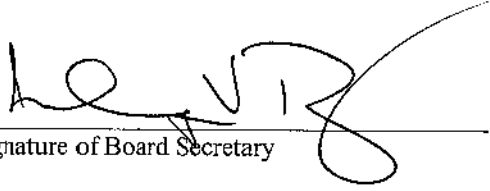
CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Brackett Independent School District
Name of School District

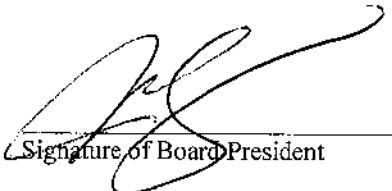
Kinney
County

136901
Co. Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and (check one) ☒ approved ☐ disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2022, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 11th of October, 2022.



Signature of Board Secretary



Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is(are):

(attach list as necessary)

COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

400 E. NOPAL STREET • UVALDE, TEXAS 78801-5305
www.colemanhortoncpa.com

DEBORAH V. McDONALD, CPA
DEREK L. WALKER, CPA
DUSTY R. ROUTH, CPA
MELINDA D. KORCZYNSKI, CPA

TEL (830) 278-6276
FAX (830) 278-6868
chc@colemanhortoncpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of
Brackett Independent School District
201 N Ann Street
Brackettville, Texas 78832

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brackett Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Brackett Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brackett Independent School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Brackett Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note F to the financial statements, in 2022, the District adopted new accounting guidance, ***GASB Statement No. 87, Leases***. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Brackett Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- * Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- * Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- * Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal controls. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- * Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- * Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Brackett Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions for Pensions, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of the District Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits on pages 7-12 and 50-58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purposes of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Brackett Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1, J-2 and J-4. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2022, on our consideration of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas
September 30, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The annual financial report of the Brackett Independent School District (the District) is presented in six sections, Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Combining and Other Schedules, T.E.A. Required Schedules, and the Federal Section. This section of the District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial section, which follows.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- * The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- * The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements.
- * The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows less the liabilities and deferred inflows, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- * Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- * To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- * Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- * The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has two types of funds:

- * *Governmental funds* - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets* can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, then explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- * *Fiduciary funds* - The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust agreement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Highlights

* The District's combined net position was \$10,663,100 at June 30, 2022, an increase of \$1,967,664.

* During the year, the District's revenues were \$10,888,380 as reflected below:

Governmental Activities			
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
a) Taxes	\$ 5,891,348	\$ 5,874,732	\$ 16,616
b) State revenue	1,081,460	2,518,457	(1,436,997)
c) Federal revenue	1,480,859	752,893	727,966
d) Investment earnings	16,710	11,351	5,359
e) Charges for services	308,541	393,229	(84,688)
f) Other revenue	95,414	154,837	(59,423)
g) Extraordinary item	2,014,048	-	2,014,048
Total	<u>\$ 10,888,380</u>	<u>\$ 9,705,499</u>	<u>\$ 1,182,881</u>

* During the year, the District's expenses were \$8,920,716 as reflected below:

Governmental Activities			
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
a) Instruction and instructional related	\$ 4,504,377	\$ 4,790,516	\$ (286,139)
b) Instruction and school leadership	517,424	322,368	195,056
c) Guidance, social work, health, transportation	545,627	501,134	44,493
d) Food services	469,088	356,950	112,138
e) Extracurricular activities	562,268	438,989	123,279
f) General administration	619,243	634,445	(15,202)
g) Plant maintenance and security	1,283,825	1,121,674	162,151
h) Data processing services	208,830	164,174	44,656
i) Community services	314	146	168
j) Debt Service	28,898	28,755	143
k) Payments to fiscal agent/member districts - shared service	180,822	114,016	66,806
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 8,920,716</u>	<u>\$ 8,473,167</u>	<u>\$ 447,549</u>

* The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$5,847,016, a decrease of \$568,724 from the prior year.

* The General Fund transferred \$190,000 to the Child Nutrition Program during the year.

* The property tax rate increased \$0.002 cents. The taxable value increased during the year by \$74,399,126. The tax levy increased by \$661,575.

* The District's combined net position was \$10,663,100 at June 30, as reflected below:

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 7,584,554	\$ 7,696,261	\$ (111,707)
Capital and non-current assets	<u>10,254,621</u>	<u>8,028,715</u>	<u>2,225,906</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 17,839,175</u>	<u>\$ 15,724,976</u>	<u>\$ 2,114,199</u>
Deferred outflows	<u>\$ 1,356,442</u>	<u>\$ 1,451,257</u>	<u>\$ (94,815)</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 1,360,802	\$ 963,722	\$ 397,080
Long term liabilities	<u>4,080,774</u>	<u>5,177,023</u>	<u>(1,096,249)</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 5,441,576</u>	<u>\$ 6,140,745</u>	<u>\$ (699,169)</u>
Deferred inflows	<u>\$ 3,090,941</u>	<u>\$ 2,340,052</u>	<u>\$ 750,889</u>
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,139,253	\$ 6,878,715	\$ 2,260,538
Restricted	127,964	60,481	67,483
Unrestricted	<u>1,395,883</u>	<u>1,756,240</u>	<u>(360,357)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 10,663,100</u>	<u>\$ 8,695,436</u>	<u>\$ 1,967,664</u>

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets for the District as of June 30, 2022, were \$10,254,621. It is the District's policy to charge off as a current expenditure any purchases less than \$5,000. Total capital assets recorded were land and its improvements, buildings, equipment and vehicles, construction in progress, and right-to-use lease assets, as reflected below:

District's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
Land	\$ 580,991	\$ 580,991	\$ -
Buildings and improvements	15,663,593	15,624,632	38,961
Equipment and vehicles	2,022,479	2,004,308	18,171
Construction in progress	2,542,212	-	2,542,212
Right-to-use lease assets	<u>70,029</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>70,029</u>
Totals at historical cost	20,879,304	18,209,931	2,669,373
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(10,624,683)</u>	<u>(10,181,216)</u>	<u>(443,467)</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u><u>\$ 10,254,621</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,028,715</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,225,906</u></u>

Long-term Debt

The District had the following long-term debt obligations as of June 30, 2022:

District's Long-Term Liabilities

	Governmental Activities		
	Current Year	Prior Year	Change
Maintenance tax notes	\$ 1,075,000	\$ 1,150,000	\$ (75,000)
Right-to-use lease liabilities	<u>40,368</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>40,368</u>
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u><u>\$ 1,115,368</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,150,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 40,368</u></u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District amended its budget. Actual expenditures were \$1,115,961 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from staffing, reduction in expenditures due to COVID closures, and budget efficiencies. Additionally, resources available were \$146,857 more than the final budgeted amounts.

- * Local revenue sources were \$253,931 less than expected.
- * State funding was more than budgeted amounts by \$339,604.
- * Federal revenue was \$61,184 more than budgeted.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed for customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022

EXHIBIT A-1

Data Control Codes	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 558,930
1120 Current Investments	5,167,767
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	222,730
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(22,273)
1240 Due from Other Governments	1,578,389
1290 Other Receivables, Net	881
1410 Prepayments	78,130
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	580,991
1520 Buildings, Net	6,649,176
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	442,281
1550 Right-to-Use Leased Assets, Net	39,961
1580 Construction in Progress	2,542,212
1000 Total Assets	17,839,175
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	548,328
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	808,114
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,356,442
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	1,003,625
2140 Interest Payable	9,129
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	328,975
2200 Accrued Expenses	19,073
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.	109,244
Due in More than One Year:	
2502 Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	1,006,124
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	827,886
2545 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	2,137,520
2000 Total Liabilities	5,441,576
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	1,055,417
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	2,035,524
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,090,941
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,139,253
Restricted:	
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	67,964
3890 Restricted for Other Purposes	60,000
3900 Unrestricted	1,395,883
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 10,663,100

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	1	Program Revenues		6 Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
		3 Charges for Services	4 Operating Grants and Contributions	
	Expenses			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary Government:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
11 Instruction	\$ 4,316,649	\$ 196,489	\$ 604,982	\$ (3,515,178)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	46,931	-	5,606	(41,325)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	140,797	-	77,000	(63,797)
21 Instructional Leadership	142,091	-	140,510	(1,581)
23 School Leadership	375,333	-	6,260	(369,073)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	95,796	-	4,333	(91,463)
32 Social Work Services	43,182	-	19,848	(23,334)
33 Health Services	67,940	-	1,190	(66,750)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	338,709	-	935	(337,774)
35 Food Services	469,088	27,949	282,669	(158,470)
36 Extracurricular Activities	562,268	73,946	1,120	(487,202)
41 General Administration	619,243	-	5,969	(613,274)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,129,846	2,294	145,252	(982,300)
52 Security and Monitoring Services	153,979	-	127,203	(26,776)
53 Data Processing Services	208,830	7,863	1,731	(199,236)
61 Community Services	314	-	315	1
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	28,898	-	-	(28,898)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	180,822	-	-	(180,822)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u>\$ 8,920,716</u>	<u>\$ 308,541</u>	<u>\$ 1,424,923</u>	<u>(7,187,252)</u>
Data Control Codes	General Revenues:			
	Taxes:			
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes			5,891,348
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants			862,124
GC	Grants and Contributions not Restricted			275,272
IE	Investment Earnings			16,710
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue			95,414
E1	Extraordinary Item - resource			2,014,048
TR	Total General Revenues & Extraordinary Items			<u>9,154,916</u>
CN	Change in Net Position			1,967,664
NB	Net Position - Beginning			<u>8,695,436</u>
NE	Net Position - Ending			<u>\$ 10,663,100</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,901,827	\$ (1,342,897)	\$ 558,930
1120 Investments - Current	4,510,031	657,736	5,167,767
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	222,730	-	222,730
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(22,273)	-	(22,273)
1240 Due from Other Governments	556,566	1,021,823	1,578,389
1260 Due from Other Funds	2,239	-	2,239
1290 Other Receivables	881	-	881
1410 Prepayments	78,130	-	78,130
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 7,250,131</u>	<u>\$ 336,662</u>	<u>\$ 7,586,793</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 913,332	\$ 90,293	\$ 1,003,625
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	289,678	39,297	328,975
2170 Due to Other Funds	2,239	-	2,239
2200 Accrued Expenditures	14,129	4,944	19,073
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>1,219,378</u>	<u>134,534</u>	<u>1,353,912</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	183,737	-	183,737
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>183,737</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>183,737</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	67,964	67,964
3490 Other Restricted Fund Balance	-	60,000	60,000
Committed Fund Balance:			
3510 Construction	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
3520 Claims and Judgements	100,000	-	100,000
3530 Capital Expenditures for Equipment	150,000	-	150,000
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	-	74,164	74,164
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	4,097,016	-	4,097,016
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>5,847,016</u>	<u>202,128</u>	<u>6,049,144</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 7,250,131</u>	<u>\$ 336,662</u>	<u>\$ 7,586,793</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,049,144
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$18,209,931 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$10,181,216). In addition, long-term debt liabilities of \$(1,150,000), are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.	6,878,715
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2022 capital outlays of \$2,669,373 and long-term debt payments of \$104,661 is to increase net position.	2,774,034
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of (\$827,886), a deferred resource inflow related to TRS in the amount of (\$1,055,417), and a deferred resource outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$548,328. The net effect of including the GASB 68 recognition is to decrease net position.	(1,334,975)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the other post employment benefits liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of (\$2,137,520), a deferred resource inflow of (\$2,035,524), and a deferred resource outflow for the OPEB in the amount of \$808,114. The net effect of including the GASB 75 recognition is to decrease net position.	(3,364,930)
5 The 2022 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(443,467)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue of \$183,737 from property taxes as revenue, recognizing accrued interest on debt payable within one year of (\$9,129) and reclassifying proceeds from right-to-use leases of \$(70,029). The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	104,579
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 10,663,100

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

EXHIBIT C-3

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 6,232,822	\$ 84,367	\$ 6,317,189
5800 State Program Revenues	1,229,801	55,248	1,285,049
5900 Federal Program Revenues	111,184	1,369,675	1,480,859
5020 Total Revenues	<u>7,573,807</u>	<u>1,509,290</u>	<u>9,083,097</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	3,892,052	604,982	4,497,034
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	43,171	5,606	48,777
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	67,600	77,000	144,600
0021 Instructional Leadership	10,316	140,510	150,826
0023 School Leadership	381,763	6,260	388,023
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	95,331	4,333	99,664
0032 Social Work Services	25,268	19,848	45,116
0033 Health Services	69,673	1,190	70,863
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	256,619	935	257,554
0035 Food Services	9,999	433,135	443,134
0036 Extracurricular Activities	421,627	60,545	482,172
0041 General Administration	634,524	5,969	640,493
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,023,394	145,252	1,168,646
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	26,816	127,203	154,019
0053 Data Processing Services	221,201	1,731	222,932
0061 Community Services	24	315	339
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	104,661	-	104,661
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	29,535	-	29,535
Capital Outlay:			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	2,542,212	-	2,542,212
Intergovernmental:			
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	180,822	-	180,822
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>10,036,608</u>	<u>1,634,814</u>	<u>11,671,422</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(2,462,801)</u>	<u>(125,524)</u>	<u>(2,588,325)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7913 Right-to-Use Leases	70,029	-	70,029
7915 Transfers In	-	190,000	190,000
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	(190,000)	-	(190,000)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(119,971)</u>	<u>190,000</u>	<u>70,029</u>
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:			
7919 Extraordinary Item - Resource	2,014,048	-	2,014,048
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(568,724)	64,476	(504,248)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>6,415,740</u>	<u>137,652</u>	<u>6,553,392</u>
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 5,847,016</u>	<u>\$ 202,128</u>	<u>\$ 6,049,144</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

EXHIBIT C-4

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (504,248)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2022 capital outlays of \$2,669,373 and long-term debt payments of \$104,661 is to increase net position.	2,774,034
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(443,467)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 decreased revenues in the amount of (\$237,190) but also decreased expenditures in the amount of \$342,276. The net effect was to increase net position.	105,086
Current year changes due to GASB 75 increased revenues in the amount of \$33,601 and decreased expenditures in the amount of \$77,226. The net effect was an increase in net position.	110,827
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue of \$(5,176), adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of right-to-use leases of \$(70,029), and recognizing the change in liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest \$637. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(74,568)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 1,967,664</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds
<hr/>	
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 19,445
Total Assets	<u>19,445</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Campus Activities	8,426
Restricted for Scholarships	<u>11,019</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 19,445</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Received from Student Groups	\$ 505
Enterprising Services Revenue	13,322
Total Additions	<u>13,827</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Supplies and Materials	17,444
Other Deductions	800
Total Deductions	<u>18,244</u>
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(4,417)
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>23,862</u>
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	<u><u>\$ 19,445</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Brackett Independent School District (the District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in ***GASB Statement No. 76***; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's ***Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*** (the Resource Guide) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the Net OPEB Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Fair Value Measurement. The District applies Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The “Charges for Services” column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The “Grants and Contributions” column indicates amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District’s functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgements are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

Fiduciary funds include Custodial Funds. Data from fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

1. **The General Fund** - The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

1. **Special Revenue Funds** - The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Fiduciary Funds:

2. **Custodial Funds** - The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. These funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for student and other organizations. The District's Custodial Fund is the Student Activity Fund.

E. FUND BALANCE POLICY

The District reports fund balances for governmental funds in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the district is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The **nonspendable** classification represents assets that will be consumed or must be maintained intact and therefore will never convert to cash, such as inventories of supplies and endowments. Provisions of laws, contracts, and grants specify how fund resources can be used in the **restricted** classification. The nature of these two classifications precludes a need for a policy from the Board. However, the Board has adopted fund balance policies for the three unrestricted classifications; committed, assigned, and unassigned.

From time to time, the Board may commit fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board's commitment may be modified or rescinded by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. Board commitments cannot exceed the amount of fund balance that is greater than the sum of nonspendable and restricted fund balances since that practice would commit funds that the district does not have. Commitments may be for facility expansion or renovation, program modifications, wage and salary adjustments, financial cushions, and other purposes determined by the Board.

The Board may delegate authority to specified persons or groups to make assignments of certain fund balances by a majority vote in a scheduled meeting. The Board may modify or rescind its delegation of authority by the same action. The authority to make assignments shall be in effect until modified or rescinded by the Board by majority vote in a scheduled meeting.

When the District incurs expenditures that can be made from either restricted or unrestricted balances, the expenditures should be charged to unrestricted balances. When the District incurs expenditures that can be made from either committed, assigned, or unassigned balances, the expenditures are charged to unassigned, assigned, then committed.

By a majority vote in a scheduled meeting the Board may commit fund balances and it may modify or rescind commitments. The Board may also delegate authority to persons or parties to assign fund balances in specific circumstances or funds.

F. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures.
2. The District records its investments in external investment pools at cost, which approximates fair value.
3. The District provides risk management obligations by carrying appropriate insurance. Property and general liability insurance are obtained from the Texas Association of School Board's Risk Management Fund. Risk of loss is not retained by the District.
4. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
5. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

6. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The District implemented GASB 87 for reporting leases during the reporting period. A right-to-use lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To be accounted for as a lease, the lease must meet the definition of a "long-term" lease provided in GASB 87 and must meet the capitalization level set by the Board. The right-to-use lease liability is reported in the government-wide statements. The lease liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments to be made over the term of the lease and the interest included in the lease payment is recorded as an expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing resources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. With GASB 87, the initial measure of a new right-to-use lease arrangement is reported in government fund types as an other financial source during the current period. Monthly payments are reported as principal and interest payments during the reporting period of the fund level statements.

7. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government.
8. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, and right-to-use lease assets are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The right-to-use lease asset capitalization level is determined by the Board. The term of the lease must be the noncancelable period during which the District has the right to use the tangible assets of another entity plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will be exercised, plus any periods in which either the lessee or the lessor has the sole option to terminate the lease if it is reasonably certain the option will not be exercised by that party and must not meet the definition of a short-term lease under GASB 87. If the lease is in a governmental fund, the full amount of the lease asset will be reported as an expenditure in the fund level statements the year the agreement is made. Note with existing contracts that were evaluated as leases for this year of implementation, the recording of the lease asset and liability would not be reported in governmental fund statements but would be reported in the government-wide statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment, and lease assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives or, for the lease asset, for the term of the lease if the estimated useful life is longer than the term of the lease, if there is an option to purchase, which is expected to be exercised:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Improvements	10
Vehicles	7
Equipment	5

9. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District's deferred outflows of resources consist of differences between expected and actual actuarial experience (pension & OPEB), changes in actuarial assumptions (pension & OPEB), differences between projected and actual investment earnings (OPEB), change in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions (pension & OPEB), and contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date (pension & OPEB).
10. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government-wide statement of net position. In the government-wide financial statements, the District reports a deferred inflow of resources for differences between expected and actual actuarial experience (pension & OPEB), changes in actuarial assumptions (pension & OPEB), net difference between projected and actual investment earnings (pension), and changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions (pension & OPEB).

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board adopts an appropriated budget for the General Fund and Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the Food Service Fund Budget report is Exhibit J-2.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

1. Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Due to the District's policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.
4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	
	<u>Fund Balance</u>	
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$ 67,964	
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	<u>134,164</u>	
All Special Revenue Funds	<u><u>\$ 202,128</u></u>	

B. EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

As noted in Exhibit G-1, the General Fund had expenses in excess of budget in function 23 of \$11,568. As noted in Exhibit J-2, the Child Nutrition Program had expenditures in excess of budget in function 51 of \$6,039.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits - State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had funds on deposit of \$384,151 in excess of FDIC coverage, secured by pledged securities of the depository bank.

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act**, Government Code Chapter 2256, (the Act) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity; (2) portfolio diversification; (3) allowable investments; (4) acceptable risk levels; (5) expected rates of return; (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments; (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio; (8) investment staff quality and capabilities; and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in: (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit; (3) certain municipal securities; (4) money market savings accounts; (5) repurchase agreements; (6) bankers' acceptances; (7) mutual funds; (8) investment pools; (9) guaranteed investment contracts; and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type and Description</u>	<u>Credit Rating</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Public Funds Investment Pools			
Lone Star Government Overnight Fund	AAAm	35 days	\$ 5,167,766
			<u>\$ 5,167,766</u>

Public Funds Investment Pools - Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the Pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the Pool and are qualified to advise the Pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

Lone Star

The **Lone Star Investment Pool** (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the Board of Trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

The Pool is governed by an eleven-member board of trustees (Board) made up of active participants in the Pool. The Board has the responsibility of adopting and monitoring compliance with the investment policy, appointing investment officers, and overseeing the selection of an investment advisor, custodian, investment consultant, administrator, and other service providers. The Board is also responsible for monitoring performance of the Pool. Financial information for the Pool can be obtained by writing to Post Office Box 400, Austin, Texas, 78767-0400 or by calling 1-800-758-3927.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing deposits and investments for the District are specified below:

Credit Risk - To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District limits investments to state sponsored investment pools covered by the District's credit risk policy.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments - To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party, the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions.

Concentration of Credit Risk - To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to only approved investment instruments that ensure preservation of capital.

Interest Rate Risk - To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires the use of final and weighted average maturity limits and diversification.

Foreign Currency Risk for Investments - The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by not investing in foreign currency.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. This hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurement Using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Lone Star	\$ 5,167,766	\$ -	\$ 5,167,766	\$ -
Total Investments	\$ 5,167,766	\$ -	\$ 5,167,766	\$ -

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances, primarily for payroll clearing purposes, as of June 30, 2022, consisted of the following amounts:

Due to General Fund from:

Intrafund	\$ 2,239
Total Due to General Fund From Other Funds	\$ 2,239

Interfund transfers as of June 30, 2022 consisted of the following amounts:

Transferred to Non-Major Funds from:

General Fund	\$ 190,000
Total Transferred to Non-Major Funds from Other Funds	<u>\$ 190,000</u>

Transfers were used to supplement the District's Child Nutrition Program.

E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Property Taxes	Due From Other Governments	Due From Other Funds	Other	Total Receivables
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$ 222,730	\$ 556,566	\$ 2,239	\$ 881	\$ 782,416
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>-</u>	<u>1,021,823</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,021,823</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 222,730</u>	<u>\$ 1,578,389</u>	<u>\$ 2,239</u>	<u>\$ 881</u>	<u>\$ 1,804,239</u>
Amount not scheduled for collection during subsequent year	<u>\$ 22,273</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 22,273</u>

Payables at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Accounts Payables	Salaries and Benefits	Due to Other Governments	Due to Other Funds	Other	Total Payables
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund	\$ 913,332	\$ 303,807	\$ -	\$ 2,239	\$ -	\$ 1,219,378
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>90,293</u>	<u>44,241</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>134,534</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,003,625</u>	<u>\$ 348,048</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,239</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,353,912</u>

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

	Primary Government			
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Classifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Land	\$ 580,991	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 580,991
Buildings	15,624,632	38,961	-	15,663,593
Equipment and vehicles	2,004,308	18,171	-	2,022,479
Construction in progress	-	2,542,212	-	2,542,212
Right-to-use lease assets - furniture & equipment	-	70,029	-	70,029
Total at historical cost	18,209,931	2,669,373	-	20,879,304
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(8,688,010)	(326,407)		(9,014,417)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,493,206)	(86,992)		(1,580,198)
Right-to-use lease assets - furniture & equipment	-	(30,068)		(30,068)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,181,216)	(443,467)	-	(10,624,683)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,028,715	\$ 2,225,906	\$ -	\$ 10,254,621

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 148,206
Instructional leadership	13,969
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	443
Health services	1,109
Student (pupil) transportation	90,689
Food services	41,775
Extracurricular activities	97,430
Plant maintenance and operations	49,846
Total depreciation expense	\$ 443,467

G. LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

On September 30, 2019, the District issued Maintenance Tax Notes in the amount of \$1,300,000 for the purpose of providing funds to pay energy savings improvements authorized by Texas Education Code, Section 45.108.

Notes payable of the District are reflected in the Statement of Net Position, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the General Fund.

A summary of changes in notes payable for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Description	Final Maturity	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2021	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2022	Amounts due within one year
Maintenance Tax Note Series 2019	2034	2.46%	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 28,290	\$ 1,150,000	\$ -	\$ 75,000	\$ 1,075,000	\$ 80,000
Totals				<u>\$ 28,290</u>	<u>\$ 1,150,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 75,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,075,000</u>	<u>\$ 80,000</u>

Long-term note requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2023	\$ 80,000	\$ 26,445	\$ 106,445
2024	80,000	24,477	104,477
2025	80,000	22,509	102,509
2026	85,000	20,541	105,541
2027	85,000	18,450	103,450
2028-2032	465,000	59,286	524,286
2033-2034	<u>200,000</u>	<u>7,380</u>	<u>207,380</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,075,000</u>	<u>\$ 179,088</u>	<u>\$ 1,254,088</u>

H. RIGHT-TO-USE LEASE LIABILITIES PAYABLE

The District leases photocopy machines with agreements having 5-year terms. Payments of \$2,575 are made monthly which consist of principal and imputed annual interest of 2.46%. No assets were pledged as collateral for these leases.

A summary of Right-to-Use Lease arrangements for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Description	Discount Rate	Original Lease Liability	Current Year Interest	Principal Balance at 7/1/2021	New Lease Agreement	Principal Paid This Year	Principal Balance at 6/30/2022	Principal Due Within One Year
Toshiba Lease, October 2018	2.46%	\$ 31,343	\$ 552	\$ -	\$ 31,343	\$ 13,752	\$ 17,591	\$ 14,029
Toshiba Lease, June 2018	2.46%	22,692	380	-	22,692	11,728	10,964	10,964
Toshiba Lease, February 2020	2.46%	10,331	201	-	10,331	2,808	7,523	2,855
Toshiba Lease, July 2020	2.46%	5,663	112	-	5,663	1,373	4,290	1,395
Totals			\$ 1,245	\$ -	\$ 70,029	\$ 29,661	\$ 40,368	\$ 29,243

Future principal and interest payments due to maturity as of the end of the fiscal year are as follows:

Due fiscal year ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 29,243	\$ 654	\$ 29,897
2024	7,918	152	8,070
2026	3,207	33	3,240
2027	-	-	-
2028 - 2032	-	-	-
Total	\$ 40,368	\$ 839	\$ 41,207

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The State of Texas has created a minimum personal leave program consisting of five days per year leave with no limit on accumulation and transferability among districts for every teacher regularly employed in Texas public schools.

Each districts local Board of Education is required to establish a leave plan. Local school districts may provide additional leave beyond the state minimum. The District provides an additional five days leave above the State granted five days per year. Personal leave is not vested, therefore, upon resignation, termination, or nonrenewal of contract, accumulated personal leave is not paid.

J. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad-hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad-hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above. Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contributions Rates		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Member	7.70%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.50%	7.75%
Employers	7.50%	7.75%
District's 2022 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 183,043
District's 2022 FY Member Contributions		\$ 384,656
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 287,866

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers, including public schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- * On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- * During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- * When any part, or all, of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- * All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.6 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- * When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions.

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term Expected Rate	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020	1.95%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years)	2120
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad-Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability assumptions are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class*	Target Allocation** %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	3.60%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.40%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.60%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.30%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	-0.20%	0.01%
Absolute Return	0.00%	1.10%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	2.20%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.50%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	4.70%	0.35%
Commodities	0.00%	1.70%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	2.80%	0.28%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	-0.70%	-0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	-0.50%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag****			-0.95%
Expected Return	100%		6.90%

* Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

** Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.

*** Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2020).

**** The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$1,809,062	\$827,886	\$31,854

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$827,886 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 827,886
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>1,717,863</u>
	<u>\$ 2,545,749</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the employers' proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0032508866% which was an increase of 0.0001921817% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,868 and revenue of \$6,868 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 1,385	\$ 58,284
Changes in actuarial assumptions	292,641	127,567
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	694,172
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	94,447	175,394
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	159,855	-
Total	\$ 548,328	\$ 1,055,417

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Measurement year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2023	\$ (123,127)
2024	(130,362)
2025	(184,267)
2026	(230,302)
2027	(1,681)
Thereafter	2,795

K. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description.

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board of Trustees may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2021, are as follows:

<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 41,113,711,083
Less: plan fiduciary net position	(2,539,242,470)
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 38,574,468,613</u>
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	6.18%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	<u>Medicare</u>	<u>Non-Medicare</u>
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree* and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

*or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than .25 percent or not more than .75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

<u>Contributions Rates</u>		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2022 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 48,255
District's 2022 FY Member Contributions		\$ 31,440
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 57,999

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5,520,343 in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

Actuarial Assumptions.

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Expected Payroll Growth
Rates of Disability Incidence	

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	1.95% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted costs.
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad-Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 1.95 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. There was a decrease of .38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total OPEB Liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than, and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (0.95%)	Discount Rate (1.95%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (2.95%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$2,578,342	\$2,137,520	\$1,790,579

Healthcare Trend Rate Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percentage point less than, and 1 percentage point greater than the health trend rates assumed:

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate	Current Single Healthcare Trend rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$1,731,321	\$2,137,520	\$2,682,539

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$2,137,520 for its proportionate share of the TRS Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 2,137,520
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>2,863,801</u>
	<u><u>\$ 5,001,321</u></u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0055412823% compared to 0.0062840275% as of August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- * The discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.9533 percent as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expenses of \$105,696 and revenue \$105,696 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 92,030	\$ 1,034,709
Changes in actuarial assumptions	236,755	452,046
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	2,320	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	435,271	548,769
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	41,738	-
Total	\$ 808,114	\$ 2,035,524

The net amounts of the employer's balance of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount	Balance of Deferred Outflows (Deferred Inflows)
2023	\$ (216,440)	\$ (1,052,708)
2024	(216,494)	(836,214)
2025	(216,480)	(619,734)
2026	(160,214)	(459,520)
2027	(84,040)	(375,480)
Thereafter	(375,480)	-

L. MEDICARE PART D - ON BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. Payments made on behalf of the District for fiscal years 2020, 2021, and 2022 were \$19,190, \$22,623, and \$15,045 respectively.

M. LITIGATION

The District's attorney indicates there is no litigation in progress or pending as of year-end.

N. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

During the year, the District has received monies from various State and Federal sources. These monies are designated for a specific purpose and the expenditures for the funds are based on actual payments and accruals. The possibility exists, based on a separate audit by any regulatory agency, that costs charged to a specific grant may be disallowed and such disallowed cost would become an obligation of the General Fund. Disallowed costs, if any, are unknown.

As of June 30, 2022, the District has contractual commitments of \$201,030, which will be provided for during the 2022-2023 year.

O. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unavailable revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 183,737	\$ -	\$ 183,737
Total Unavailable Revenue	<u>\$ 183,737</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 183,737</u>

P. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2022, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

Fund	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Other	Total
General	\$ 526,433	\$ -	\$ 30,133	\$ 556,566
Special Revenue	<u>44,237</u>	<u>977,586</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,021,823</u>
Total	<u>\$ 570,670</u>	<u>\$ 977,586</u>	<u>\$ 30,133</u>	<u>\$ 1,578,389</u>

Q. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Other Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$ 5,882,299	\$ -	\$ 5,882,299
Penalties, Interest and Other Tax-related Income	40,293	-	40,293
Tuition and Fees	200	-	200
Investment Income	16,302	408	16,710
Rent	2,294	-	2,294
Gifts and Bequest	10,000	-	10,000
Insurance Recovery	59,346	-	59,346
Food Sales	-	27,949	27,949
Co-curricular	17,936	56,010	73,946
Other	204,152	-	204,152
Total	<u>\$ 6,232,822</u>	<u>\$ 84,367</u>	<u>\$ 6,317,189</u>

R. TAX ABATEMENTS

On December 21, 2009, October 14, 2013, and November 11, 2019 the District's Board of Trustees approved an agreement with Anacacho Wind, Solar Prime, LLC, and Zier Solar, LLC for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code. Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The projects must be consistent with the State's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation, and Texas Priority projects. Anacacho Wind, Solar Prime, LLC, and Zier Solar, LLC qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code §313.024(b)(5), as a renewable energy electric generation project.

The application, the agreements, and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website at: <https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch313/agreement-docs.php>. The agreement and the supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 163, No. 302, & No. 1335.

Each applicant, including Anacacho Wind, Solar Prime, LLC,, and Zier Solar, LLC, has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the applications approval, it was determined by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office that the project would meet these standards. After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the District for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that Anacacho Wind, Solar Prime, LLC, and Zier Solar, LLC terminates this agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event the company or its successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this agreement, or to meet any material obligation under this agreement, then the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code §33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code §33.01(c), or its successor statute. The agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

As of the date of this audit, the applicant company is in full compliance with all of its obligations under the law and the agreement itself.

Project	First Year Value Limitations	(A) Project Value FY2021	(B) Project's Value Limitation Amount FY2021	(C) Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes Paid FY2021	(D) Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes Reduced FY2021	(E) Company Revenue Loss Payment to School District FY2021	(F) Company Supplemental Payment to School District FY2021	(G) Net Benefit (Loss) to the School District FY2021 (C+E+F)
Anacacho Wind (Application # 163)	2012	\$ 55,000,000	\$ -	\$ 481,085	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,133	\$ 56,133
Solar Prime, LLC (Application # 302)	2016	\$ 26,800,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 8,747	\$ 225,673	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000
Zier Solar, LLC	2022	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,000	\$ 54,000

S. SHARED SERVICES ARRANGEMENT

The District participates in shared services arrangements with another school district. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Cluster V Special Education Co-op, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangements. The District paid \$180,822 to the fiscal agent during the year.

T. EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS

During the year, the District received insurance proceeds in the amount of \$2,014,048 from their insurance provider to cover hail damage sustained to the District's property. Since the hail damage is considered a natural event that is both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence, it is treated as an extraordinary item for financial statement reporting purposes. There is no impairment gain or loss to be reported per GASB No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries, because the impairment is considered insignificant and temporary in nature.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 6,486,753	\$ 6,486,753	\$ 6,232,822	\$ (253,931)
5800 State Program Revenues	890,197	890,197	1,229,801	339,604
5900 Federal Program Revenues	50,000	50,000	111,184	61,184
5020 Total Revenues	7,426,950	7,426,950	7,573,807	146,857
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	4,706,601	4,429,631	3,892,052	537,579
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	58,039	58,039	43,171	14,868
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	129,183	129,183	67,600	61,583
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	10,500	10,316	184
0023 School Leadership	321,145	370,195	381,763	(11,568)
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	127,491	127,491	95,331	32,160
0032 Social Work Services	29,427	29,427	25,268	4,159
0033 Health Services	71,955	71,955	69,673	2,282
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	329,287	329,287	256,619	72,668
0035 Food Services	-	10,000	9,999	1
0036 Extracurricular Activities	503,034	503,034	421,627	81,407
0041 General Administration	660,130	657,230	634,524	22,706
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,171,038	1,189,038	1,023,394	165,644
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	34,330	34,330	26,816	7,514
0053 Data Processing Services	169,866	222,866	221,201	1,665
0061 Community Services	1,500	1,500	24	1,476
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	75,000	105,085	104,661	424
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	41,513	42,778	29,535	13,243
Capital Outlay:				
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	2,650,000	2,542,212	107,788
Intergovernmental:				
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	175,000	181,000	180,822	178
6030 Total Expenditures	8,604,539	11,152,569	10,036,608	1,115,961
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,177,589)	(3,725,619)	(2,462,801)	1,262,818
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7913 Right-to-Use Leases	-	70,030	70,029	(1)
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	-	(190,000)	(190,000)	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(119,970)	(119,971)	(1)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:				
7919 Extraordinary Item - Resource	-	2,650,000	2,014,048	(635,952)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,177,589)	(1,195,589)	(568,724)	626,865
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	6,415,740	6,415,740	6,415,740	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 5,238,151	\$ 5,220,151	\$ 5,847,016	\$ 626,865

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.003250887%	0.003058705%	0.003561849%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 827,886	\$ 1,638,180	\$ 1,851,560
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	1,717,863	3,751,861	3,703,916
Total	<u>\$ 2,545,749</u>	<u>\$ 5,390,041</u>	<u>\$ 5,555,476</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,607,940	\$ 4,541,058	\$ 4,564,667
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	17.97%	36.07%	40.56%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017		FY 2017 Plan Year 2016		FY 2016 Plan Year 2015		FY 2015 Plan Year 2014	
0.003620307%		0.00352436%		0.003678%		0.0037667%		0.0019492%	
\$	1,992,705	\$	1,126,901	\$	1,389,869	\$	1,331,478		520,659
3,929,658		2,439,913		2,848,343		2,757,224		2,498,924	
\$	5,922,363	\$	3,566,814	\$	4,238,212	\$	4,088,702	\$	3,019,583
\$	4,414,011	\$	4,462,044	\$	4,296,391	\$	4,137,799		4,134,877
45.14%		25.26%		32.35%		32.18%		12.59%	
73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%	

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

	2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 183,043	\$ 135,946	\$ 127,255
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(183,043)	(135,946)	(127,255)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,837,401	\$ 4,564,182	\$ 4,564,568
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.78%	2.98%	2.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 123,138	\$ 121,105	\$ 116,245	\$ 111,535	\$ 49,417
(123,138)	(121,105)	(116,245)	(111,535)	(49,417)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 4,551,447	\$ 4,396,962	\$ 4,479,758	\$ 4,296,391	\$ 4,137,799
2.71%	2.75%	2.59%	2.60%	1.19%

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits	0.005541282%	0.006284027%	0.006573267%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 2,137,520	\$ 2,389,843	\$ 3,108,578
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	2,863,801	3,210,032	4,130,605
Total	<u>\$ 5,001,321</u>	<u>\$ 5,599,875</u>	<u>\$ 7,239,183</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,607,940	\$ 4,541,058	\$ 4,564,667
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	46.39%	52.61%	68.10%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

FY 2019 Plan Year 2018		FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	
0.006015304%		0.0054235%	
\$	3,003,496	\$	2,358,490
3,779,790		3,452,261	
\$	6,783,286	\$	5,810,751
\$	4,414,011	\$	4,462,044
68.05%		52.86%	
1.57%		0.91%	

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022

	2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 48,255	\$ 43,633	\$ 48,507
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(48,255)	(43,633)	(48,507)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 4,837,401	\$ 4,564,182	\$ 4,564,568
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1.00%	0.96%	1.06%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

2019		2018	
\$	45,505	\$	39,380
	(45,505)		(39,380)
\$	-	\$	-
\$	4,551,447	\$	4,396,962
	1.00%		0.90%

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. Notes to the Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of Assumptions.

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

B. Notes to the Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefit.

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes in Assumptions.

The following assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

- * The discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING AND OTHER STATEMENTS

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		205	211	212	240
		Head Start	ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	ESEA Title I Part C Migrant	National Breakfast and Lunch Program
ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,775	\$ (368,512)	\$ (14,899)	\$ (197,441)
1120	Investments - Current	-	205,885	-	287,506
1240	Due from Other Governments	-	179,637	14,899	-
1000	Total Assets	<u>\$ 2,775</u>	<u>\$ 17,010</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 90,065</u>
LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 658	\$ -	\$ 8,764
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	2,236	14,454	-	12,532
2200	Accrued Expenditures	539	1,898	-	805
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>2,775</u>	<u>17,010</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,101</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	-	67,964
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Committed Fund Balance:					
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
3000	Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>67,964</u>
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 2,775</u>	<u>\$ 17,010</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 90,065</u>

255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	266 ESSER -School Emergency Relief	269 Small, Rural School Achiev Program	282 ESSER III	289 Title IV, Part A Subpart 1	410 State Instructional Materials	427 Truancy Project Grant	429 School Saf. & Security Grant
\$ (40,022)	\$ (121,792)	\$ (1,782)	\$ (658,543)	\$ (37,612)	\$ -	\$ (19,237)	\$ (25,000)
17,171	121,792	-	-	25,382	-	-	-
22,851	-	1,782	746,187	12,230	-	19,237	25,000
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 87,644</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,867	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	10,075	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	1,702	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>87,644</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 87,644</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		461	480	Total
		Campus Activity Funds	Hillcrest Foundation Grant	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 79,168	\$ 60,000	\$ (1,342,897)
1120	Investments - Current	-	-	657,736
1240	Due from Other Governments	-	-	1,021,823
1000	Total Assets	<u>\$ 79,168</u>	<u>\$ 60,000</u>	<u>\$ 336,662</u>
LIABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 5,004	\$ -	\$ 90,293
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	-	-	39,297
2200	Accrued Expenditures	-	-	4,944
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>5,004</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>134,534</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	67,964
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	-	60,000	60,000
Committed Fund Balance:				
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	74,164	-	74,164
3000	Total Fund Balances	<u>74,164</u>	<u>60,000</u>	<u>202,128</u>
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 79,168</u>	<u>\$ 60,000</u>	<u>\$ 336,662</u>

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	205 Head Start	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	212 ESEA Title I Part C Migrant	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,949
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	-	5,211
5900 Federal Program Revenues	57,921	179,637	14,899	330,442
5020 Total Revenues	57,921	179,637	14,899	363,602
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	57,921	179,637	14,899	-
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	-	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-	-	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	-	-	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-	428,249
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration	-	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-	57,870
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	-	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	57,921	179,637	14,899	486,119
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	-	(122,517)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	-	-	-	190,000
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	67,483
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	-	-	481
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 67,964

255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	266 ESSER -School Emergency Relief	269 Small, Rural School Achiev Program	282 ESSER III	289 Title IV, Part A Subpart 1	410 State Instructional Materials	427 Truancy Project Grant	429 School Saf. & Security Grant
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	5,800	19,237	25,000
23,951	4,408	-	746,187	12,230	-	-	-
23,951	4,408	-	746,187	12,230	5,800	19,237	25,000
23,951	-	-	310,544	12,230	5,800	-	-
-	-	-	5,606	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	77,000	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	140,510	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	6,260	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	4,333	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	611	-	-	19,237	-
-	-	-	1,190	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	935	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	4,886	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	1,120	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	5,969	-	-	-	-
-	4,408	-	82,974	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	102,203	-	-	-	25,000
-	-	-	1,731	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	315	-	-	-	-
23,951	4,408	-	746,187	12,230	5,800	19,237	25,000
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	461 Campus Activity Funds	480 Hillcrest Foundation Grant	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 56,418	\$ -	\$ 84,367
5800 State Program Revenues	-	-	55,248
5900 Federal Program Revenues	-	-	1,369,675
5020 Total Revenues	56,418	-	1,509,290
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	-	-	604,982
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	-	-	5,606
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-	-	77,000
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	-	140,510
0023 School Leadership	-	-	6,260
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	-	4,333
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	19,848
0033 Health Services	-	-	1,190
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	-	-	935
0035 Food Services	-	-	433,135
0036 Extracurricular Activities	59,425	-	60,545
0041 General Administration	-	-	5,969
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	145,252
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	127,203
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	1,731
0061 Community Services	-	-	315
6030 Total Expenditures	59,425	-	1,634,814
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,007)	-	(125,524)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7915 Transfers In	-	-	190,000
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,007)	-	64,476
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	77,171	60,000	137,652
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 74,164	\$ 60,000	\$ 202,128

T.E.A. REQUIRED SCHEDULES

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Last 10 Years	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2013 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various
2014	1.040000	0.000000	218,735,900
2015	1.040000	0.000000	249,952,308
2016	1.040000	0.000000	295,485,908
2017	1.040000	0.000000	302,957,596
2018	1.040000	0.000000	303,668,462
2019	1.040000	0.000000	314,817,692
2020	0.970000	0.000000	444,282,577
2021	0.870000	0.000000	640,750,213
2022 (School year under audit)	0.872000	0.000000	715,149,339
1000 TOTALS			

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2021	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2022
\$ 53,872	\$ -	\$ 481	\$ -	\$ (9,395)	\$ 43,996
7,133	-	53	-	(89)	6,991
7,953	-	89	-	(211)	7,653
8,311	-	300	-	(224)	7,787
7,820	-	1,000	-	553	7,373
9,843	-	2,082	-	556	8,317
15,758	-	6,481	-	554	9,831
42,473	-	23,454	-	177	19,196
83,597	-	55,329	-	(298)	27,970
-	6,236,102	5,807,256	-	(345,230)	83,616
<u>\$ 236,760</u>	<u>\$ 6,236,102</u>	<u>\$ 5,896,525</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (353,607)</u>	<u>\$ 222,730</u>

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 79,000	\$ 79,000	\$ 27,949	\$ (51,051)
5800 State Program Revenues	1,500	1,500	5,211	3,711
5900 Federal Program Revenues	226,304	226,304	330,442	104,138
5020 Total Revenues	306,804	306,804	363,602	56,798
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0035 Food Services	374,028	464,028	428,249	35,779
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	26,831	51,831	57,870	(6,039)
6030 Total Expenditures	400,859	515,859	486,119	29,740
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(94,055)	(209,055)	(122,517)	86,538
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	75,000	190,000	190,000	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(19,055)	(19,055)	67,483	86,538
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	481	481	481	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ (18,574)	\$ (18,574)	\$ 67,964	\$ 86,538

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATE COMPENSATORY EDUCATION AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$520,905
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$593,098

Section B: Bilingual Education Programs

AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$12,831
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	\$21,288

**REPORTS ON
INTERNAL CONTROLS, COMPLIANCE,
AND
FEDERAL AWARDS**

COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

400 E. NOPAL STREET • UVALDE, TEXAS 78801-5305
www.colemanhortoncpa.com

DEBORAH V. McDONALD, CPA
DEREK L. WALKER, CPA
DUSTY R. ROUTH, CPA
MELINDA D. KORCZYNSKI, CPA

TEL (830) 278-6276
FAX (830) 278-6868
chc@colemanhortoncpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees
Brackett Independent School District
Brackettville, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Brackett Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Brackett Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Brackett Independent School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-1 and 2022-2 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Brackett Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Brackett Independent School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Brackett Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The Brackett Independent School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Brackett Independent School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas
September 30, 2022

COLEMAN, HORTON & COMPANY, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

400 E. NOPAL STREET • UVALDE, TEXAS 78801-5305
www.colemanhortoncpa.com

DEBORAH V. McDONALD, CPA
DEREK L. WALKER, CPA
DUSTY R. ROUTH, CPA
MELINDA D. KORCZYNSKI, CPA

TEL (830) 278-6276
FAX (830) 278-6868
chc@colemanhortoncpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees of the
Brackett Independent School District
201 N Ann Street
Brackettville, Texas 78832

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Brackett Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Brackett Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Brackett Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Brackett Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Brackett Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Brackett Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS), *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- * Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- * Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Brackett Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing other such procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- * Obtain an understanding of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Brackett Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Coleman, Horton and Company, LLP

Uvalde, Texas
September 30, 2022

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A. **Summary of the Auditor's Results:**

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

One or more material weaknesses identified Yes X No

One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness? X Yes No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No

2. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

One or more material weaknesses identified Yes X No

One or more significant deficiencies identified that not considered to be material weakness? Yes X No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance? Yes X No

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number(s)</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
84.425D	ESSER I
84.425U	ESSER III

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

B. Financial Statement Findings:

2022-1

CONDITION: In assisting with the preparation of the financial statements, there was a total of 41 adjusting journal entries that were proposed and accepted by management. Entries were made to correct cash balances between pooled cash, transfer expenses between funds, coding changes, and various balance sheet accounts related to local and federal funds.

CRITERIA: Revenues and expenditures are to be properly classified and recorded throughout the year for management and governance oversight.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: Lack of time and resources.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: Ineffective accounting guidance and oversight.

RECOMMENDATION: The District accounting staff should properly classify revenues and expenditures during the year and at year-end.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY: Amalia Garza, Business Manager, (830) 563-2491

2022-2

CONDITION: Bank reconciliations were not performed in a timely manner.

CRITERIA: Bank reconciliations are a key to accurate and complete financial reporting.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: Lack of time and resources.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: Incompleteness and inaccuracies in financial reporting.

RECOMMENDATION: The District needs to devote the resources and time to complete the bank reconciliations in a reasonable amount of time after month end.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY: Amalia Garza, Business Manager, (830) 563-2491

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

C. **Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:**

None noted

D. **Findings/Status:**

None noted

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Not Applicable

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Financial Statement Finding:

2022-1

District business office staff will obtain accounting assistance as needed throughout the year to ensure accurate and complete financial information is presented for management and governance oversight. This process will be the responsibility of Amalia Garza, Business Manager, (830) 563-2491.

2022-2

District business office staff will obtain accounting assistance as needed throughout the year to ensure accurate and complete financial information is presented for management and governance oversight. This process will be the responsibility of Amalia Garza, Business Manager, (830) 563-2491.

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<u>Passed Through Region XX Service Center</u>			
ESEA, Title I, Part C - Migratory Children	84.011A	420201	\$ 14,899
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424a	22-680101136901	12,230
Total Passed Through Region XX Service Center			27,129
<u>Passed Through Texas Education Agency</u>			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22-610101136901	179,637
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	20-694501136901	1,100
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	22-694501136901	22,851
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.367A			23,951
COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fd	84.425D	20-521001136901	4,408
COVID - 19 ESSER III - ARP School Emergency Relief	84.425D	21-528001136901	746,187
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			750,595
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			954,183
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			981,312
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<u>Passed Through Advance</u>			
Head Start	93.600	136901	57,921
Total Passed Through Advance			57,921
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			57,921
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<u>Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture</u>			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402201	44,927
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71302201	237,368
*National School Lunch Prog. - Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	136901	30,975
*Supply Chain Assistance (SCA)	10.555	22-6TX400N8903	16,558
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			284,901
*P-EBT Admin Cost Reimbursement	10.649	21-6TX109S9009	614
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			330,442
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			330,442
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			330,442
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,369,675

*Clustered Programs

**Schedule doesn't include SHARS revenue of \$111,184 which is reported as revenue in the General Fund

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- * For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's ***Financial Accountability System Resource Guide***. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- * The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- * The District must submit to the pass-through entity, no later than 90 calendar days (or an earlier date as agreed upon by the pass-through entity and District) after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may approve extensions when requested and justified by the non-Federal entity, as applicable (2 CFR 200.344(a)).

Unless the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all financial obligations incurred under the Federal award no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award (2 CFR 200.344(b)).

- * CFDA numbers for commodity assistance are the CFDA numbers of the programs under which the USDA donated the commodities.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

BRACKETT INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Fiscal Year 2022

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	\$-0-